- C. Authentication and Procedural Safeguards (Cont'd).
 - b. Online Access to CPNI. The Company must authenticate a Customer without the use of Readily Available Biographical Information, or Account Information, prior to allowing the Customer online access to CPNI related to a Telecommunications Service account. Once authenticated, the Customer may only obtain online access to CPNI related to a Telecommunications Service account through a password, as described in Section 10.C.3., that is not prompted by the Company asking for Readily Available Biographical Information, or Account Information.
 - The Company may choose to block access to a Customer's account after repeated unsuccessful attempts to log into that account.
 - c. <u>In-Office Access to CPNI</u>. The Company may disclose CPNI (except for Call Detail Information) to a Customer who, in the Company's office, first presents a Valid Photo ID matching the Customer's Account Information.

- C. Authentication and Procedural Safeguards (Cont'd).
 - 3. <u>Establishment of a Password.</u> The Company must authenticate the Customer without the use of Readily Available Biographical Information, or Account Information. The Company may establish passwords, among other methods:
 - a. At the time of service initiation;
 - b. Using a Personal Identification Number (PIN). The Company may supply the Customer with a randomly-generated PIN, not based on Readily Available Biographical Information, or Account Information, which the Customer would then provide to the Carrier prior to establishing a password. The Company may supply the PIN to the Customer by a Company-originated voicemail or text message to the Telephone Number of Record, or by sending it to an Address of Record so as to reasonably ensure that it is delivered to the intended party.
 - c. The Company is not required to create new passwords for customers who already have a password, even if the password uses Readily Available Biographical Information. However, the Company must not prompt the Customer for Readily Available Biographical Information, and any back-up authentication method cannot use Readily Available Biographical Information.
 - 4. <u>Establishment of Back-up Authentication Methods</u>. The Company may create a back-up Customer authentication method in the event of a lost or forgotten password. The back-up Customer authentication method may not prompt the Customer for Readily Available Biographical Information, or Account Information. The shared secret is the preferred method for establishing backup authentication.
 - 5. <u>Reauthentication</u>. If a Customer cannot provide the correct password or the correct response for the back-up Customer authentication method, the Customer must establish a new password.

- 6. <u>Notification of Account Changes</u>. The Company must notify a Customer immediately whenever a password, Customer response to a back-up means of authentication for lost or forgotten passwords, online account, or Address of Record is created or changed.
 - a. This notification is not required when the Customer initiates service, including the selection of a password at service initiation.
 - b. This notification may be through a Company-originated voicemail or text message to the Telephone Number of Record (not caller ID), or by mail to the Address of Record, and must <u>not</u> reveal the changed information or be sent to the new Account Information.
 - c. A change of address should be mailed to the former address, rather than the new address.
- 7. <u>Business Customer Exemption</u>. The Company may bind itself contractually to authentication regimes other than those described in this Manual for services they provide to business Customers that have both a dedicated account representative and a contract that specifically addresses the Company's protection of CPNI.

- D. Notification of Customer Proprietary Network Information Security Breaches.
 - 1. The Company will take reasonable steps to protect CPNI databases from hackers and other unauthorized attempts by third parties to access CPNI.
 - 2. The Company must notify law enforcement of a Breach of its Customers' CPNI. A Breach occurs when a person, without authorization or exceeding authorization, has intentionally gained access to, used, or disclosed CPNI.
 - 3. The Company shall not notify its Customers or disclose the Breach publicly, whether voluntarily or under state or local law or these rules, until it has completed the process of notifying law enforcement. As soon as practicable, and in no event later than seven (7) business days, after reasonable determination of the Breach, the Company shall electronically notify the United States Secret Service (USSS) and the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) through a central reporting facility. The Commission will maintain a link to the reporting facility at http://www.fcc.gov/eb/cpni. The Company will indicate its desire to notify its Customer or class of Customers immediately concurrent with its notice to the USSS and FBI.
 - a. Notwithstanding any state law to the contrary, the Company shall not notify Customers or disclose the Breach to the public until 7 full business days have passed after notification to the USSS and the FBI except as provided in the following Paragraphs b. and c.
 - b. If the Company believes that there is an extraordinarily urgent need to notify any class of affected Customers sooner than otherwise allowed under Paragraph a. immediately above, in order to avoid immediate and irreparable harm, it shall so indicate in its notification and may proceed to immediately notify its affected Customers only after consultation with the relevant investigating agency. The Company shall cooperate with the relevant investigating agency's request to minimize any adverse effects of such Customer notification.

- D. Notification of Customer Proprietary Network Information Security Breaches (Cont'd).
 - If the relevant investigating agency determines that public disclosure C. or notice to Customers would impede or compromise an ongoing or potential criminal investigation or national security, such agency may direct the Company not to so disclose or notify for an initial period of up to 30 days. Such period may be extended by the agency as reasonably necessary in the judgment of the agency. If such direction is given, the agency shall notify the Company when it appears that public disclosure or notice to affected Customers will no longer impede or compromise a criminal investigation or national security. The agency will provide in writing its initial direction to the Company, any subsequent extension, and any notification that notice will no longer impede or compromise a criminal investigation or national security and such writings shall be contemporaneously logged on the same reporting facility that contains records of notifications filed by Carriers.
 - 4. After the Company has completed the process of notifying law enforcement as described in Paragraphs 3.a 3.c. above, it shall notify Customers of the Breach.
 - 5. Recordkeeping. The Company must maintain a record, electronically or in some other manner, of any Breaches discovered, notifications made to the USSS and the FBI pursuant to the above paragraphs, and notifications made to Customers. The record must include, if available, dates of discovery and notification, a detailed description of the CPNI that was the subject of the Breach, and the circumstances of the Breach. The Company must retain the record for a minimum of 2 years.

APPENDIX 1

ANNUAL CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH CPNI RULES

Including—

FILING INSTRUCTIONS AND ACCOMPANYING COVER LETTER TO THE FCC

Filing Instructions

Attached is a model Certificate of Compliance with the FCC's CPNI rules. It contains blanks for the insertion of Company-specific information. The certificate must be signed by an officer (i.e., the President, V.P., Secretary) of the Company. Electronic copies of the Certificate and cover letter may be obtained from the Telecommunications Association of Michigan.

The FCC's revised CPNI rules state that a carrier must file a "compliance certificate" each year that addresses compliance with the FCC's CPNI regulations, along with:

- A "statement accompanying the certificate" to explain how its operating procedures ensure compliance with the FCC's CPNI regulations;
- An explanation of any actions taken against data brokers; and
- A summary of all Customer complaints received in the past year concerning the unauthorized release of CPNI.

The attached Certificate of Compliance addresses these subjects in a single document. Also attached is a sample cover letter to accompany the filing.

This Certificate of Compliance must be filed on or by March 1 each year relating to the prior calendar year. Be sure to carefully follow the instructions below.

Simply filing the certificate is not enough. Your Company must make sure that it actually engages in the practices discussed in the Certificate before signing and filing it.

Below are the procedures for filing. Electronic filing is recommended unless the Certificate contains confidential information on the Company's method of combating pretexting (See Paragraph 16 of the Certificate; consultation with legal counsel is advisable). Mailed filings are not deemed to be filed until actually received from the FCC (47 CFR 1.7). Thus, paper filings should be mailed several days before they are due.

ELECTRONIC PAPERLESS FILING:

The easiest way to file is electronically through the FCC's Electronic Comment Filing System (ECFS): http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/ecfs/. Put both the completed cover letter and Certificate in a single PDF. Click on "Submit a Filing" on the right side of the screen. In completing the transmittal screen, filers should include their full name, U.S. Postal Service mailing address, and the proceeding number which is 06-36. Under "Document Type," select "Statement."

Two (2) additional copies must go to: Federal Communications Commission, Enforcement Bureau, Telecommunications Consumers Division, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554

One (1) additional copies must go to: Best Copy and Printing, Inc., 445 12th Street, Suite CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, or via e-mail at <u>FCC@BCPIWEB.COM</u>.

PAPER FILING:

Companies that choose to file by paper must file an original and four copies of each filing. Filings can be sent by commercial overnight courier, or by first-class or overnight U.S. Postal Service mail. All filings must be addressed to the Commission's Secretary, Marlene H. Dortch, Office of the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, 445 12th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20554.

Companies can also send their filings using commercial overnight mail (other than U.S. Postal Service Express Mail and Priority Mail), by sending them to 9300 East Hampton Drive, Capitol Heights, MD 20743.

Two (2) additional copies must go to: Federal Communications Commission, Enforcement Bureau, Telecommunications Consumers Division, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554

One (1) additional copies must go to: Best Copy and Printing, Inc., 445 12th Street, Suite CY-B402, Washington, DC 20554, or via e-mail at FCC@BCPIWEB.COM.

[Company Letterhead]

EB Docket No. 06-36

Marlene H. Dortch, Secretary Office of the Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street S.W., Suite TW-A325 Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Secretary Dortch,

In accordance with 47 CFR 64.2009(e), please find attached the Company's Annual Compliance Certificate for the previous calendar year, 20__. The Compliance Certificate includes the Company's:

- Statement explaining how its operating procedures ensure compliance with 47 CFR, Part 64, Subpart U;
- An explanation of any actions taken against data brokers; and
- A summary of all customer complaints received in the past year concerning the unauthorized release of customer proprietary network information (CPNI).

If you have any questions regarding this filing, please direct them to the undersigned.

[name] [title]	Sincerely,		
[name]			
	[nomo]		

Enclosure

cc: Federal Communications Commission, Enforcement Bureau, Telecommunications Consumers Division, 445 12th Street SW, Washington, DC 20554 (2 courtesy copies)

Best Copy and Printing, Inc., FCC@BCPIWEB.COM

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE WITH PROTECTION OF CUSTOMER PROPRIETARY NETWORK INFORMATION RULES

Including:

Statement Explaining How Operating Procedures Ensure Regulatory Compliance

Explanation of Any Actions Against Data Brokers, and

Summary of all Customer Complaints Received

	signs this Certificate of Compliance in accordance
with § 222 of the Telecommunicat	tions Act of 1996, as amended, 47 USC 222, and 47 CFR
64.2009, on behalf of	Telephone Company (Company), related to the
previous calendar year, 20	-
This Certificate of Compli	iance addresses the requirement of 47 CFR 64.2009 that
the Company provide:	
 A "statement accompanying ensure compliance with 47 	ng the certificate" to explain how its operating procedures CFR. Part 64. Subpart U:
	ons taken against data brokers; and
A summary of all custom	ner complaints received in the past year concerning the stomer proprietary network information (CPNI).
On Behalf Of	The Company, I Certify As Follows:
1. I am the	of the Company, and
therefore an officer of	the Company. My business address is The Company's
Form 499 Filer ID is	•
2. I have personal	knowledge of the facts stated in this Certificate of
Compliance. I am respons	ible for overseeing compliance with the Federal
Communications Commission's (FCC) rules relating to CPNI.

Statement Explaining How Operating Procedures Ensure Regulatory Compliance

- 3. I have personal knowledge that the Company has established operating procedures that are adequate to ensure compliance with the FCC's regulations governing CPNI, including those adopted on March 13, 2007 in CC Docket No. 96-115.
- 4. The Company ensures that it is in compliance with the FCC's CPNI regulations. The Company trains its personnel regarding when they are authorized to use CPNI, when they are not authorized to use CPNI, and how to safeguard CPNI. The Company maintains a CPNI Compliance Manual in its offices for purposes of training of new and current employees, and as a reference guide for all CPNI issues. Our CPNI

Compliance Manual is updated to account for changes in law, including the FCC's most recent changes to its regulations governing CPNI, adopted on March 13, 2007 in CC Docket No. 96-115. The CPNI Manual contains key all essential information and forms to ensure the Company's compliance with CPNI regulations.

- 5. The Company has established a system by which the status of a Customer's approval for use of CPNI, as defined in 47 USC 222(h)(1), can be clearly established prior to the use of CPNI. The Company relies on the involvement of its high-level management to ensure that no use of CPNI is made until a full review of applicable law has occurred.
- 6. Company personnel make no decisions regarding CPNI without first consulting with management.
- 7. The Company has an express disciplinary process in place for personnel who make unauthorized use of CPNI.
- 8. The Company's policy is to maintain records of its own sales and marketing campaigns that use CPNI. The Company likewise maintains records of its affiliates' sales and marketing campaigns that use CPNI. The Company also maintains records of all instances where CPNI was disclosed or provided to third parties, or where third parties were allowed access to CPNI. These records include a description of each campaign, the specific CPNI that was used in the campaign, and the products and services that were offered as a part of the campaign. The Company maintains these records in its offices for a minimum of one year.
- 9. In deciding whether the contemplated use of the CPNI is proper, management consults one or more of the following: the Company's own compliance manual, the applicable FCC regulations, and, if necessary, legal counsel. The Company's sales personnel must obtain supervisory approval regarding any proposed use of CPNI.
- 10. Further, management oversees the use of opt-in, opt-out, or any other approval requirements, or notice requirements (such as notification to the Customer of the right to restrict use of, disclosure of, and access to CPNI), contained in the FCC's regulations. Management also reviews all notices required by the FCC regulations for compliance therewith. Before soliciting for approval of the use of a Customer's CPNI, the Company will notify the Customer of his or her right to restrict use of, disclosure of, and access to, his or her CPNI.
- 11. The Company maintains records of Customer approval and disapproval for use of CPNI in a readily-available location that is consulted on an as-needed basis.
- 12. The Company complies with all FCC requirements for the safeguarding of CPNI, including use of passwords and authentication methods, and the prevention of access to CPNI (and Call Detail Information in particular) by data brokers or "pre-texters."

13. The Company, on an ongoing basis, reviews changes in law affecting CPNI, and updates and trains company personnel accordingly.

Explanation of Actions Against Data Brokers

14. The Company has not encountered any circumstances requiring it to take any action against a data broker during the year to which this Certificate pertains. [Or: The Company has taken the following actions against data brokers: list case name, docket or case number, and name of data broker.]

Summary of all Customer Complaints Received

- 15. The following is a summary of all customer complaints received in the past year concerning the unauthorized release of CPNI: None. [Or: list number of customer complaints received related to unauthorized access to CPNI, or unauthorized disclosure of CPNI, broken down by category of complaint, e.g., improper access by employees, improper disclosure to individuals not authorized to receive the information, or improper access to online information by individuals not authorized to view the information.]
- 16. The Company does not at this point have any specific information on the processes pretexters are using to attempt to access its Customer's CPNI. [Or, explain specific information the company has regarding the processes pretexters are using to attempt to access CPNI, and what steps it is taking to protect CPNI. If the Company has information to provide on this topic, it should submit both redacted and un-redacted versions of this form to the FCC.]

Date:		

APPENDIX 2 EMPLOYEE VERIFICATION OF CPNI MANUAL REVIEW

Employee Verification

Employee Name (Please print):	
I have reviewed the Company's Customer (CPNI) Compliance Manual and Operating Proce procedures set forth therein. I am also aware that any violation of the C	dures and agree to comply with the ompany's CPNI Operating
Procedures is subject to the disciplinary procedure Communications Inc. Employee Handbook (Section IV-1, IV-2).	ion(s) 401,401(a), 401(b); Page(s)
	Employee Signature
-	Date

APPENDIX 3A

SAMPLE Customer CPNI PIN and Password Setup Request Notification



Hiawatha Telephone Company 108 W Superior Street Munising, MI 49862 (906) 387-9911

Customer Action Required

Date:

John Sample 12345 Any Street Anytown, MI 00012

Account Number: #########

Unique PIN: 123456

Dear Customer Name:

At HTC, the privacy and security of your account is very important to us. This is why we fully comply with the federal laws and FCC regulations that require proper authentication of our customers prior to disclosing private account information.

To better protect all of your account information and allow us to provide you the best quality customer service, the FCC now requires that you establish a password, as well as two backup security questions to use in the event you forget your password, as soon as possible in order to access your HTC account. At your earliest convenience, please call our local office at (906) 387-9911 or stop by our local office located at 108 W Superior Street, Munising, MI to set up your password and responses to the security questions. Our office hours are 8:00 AM – 4:30 PM Monday-Friday. In order to access your account to establish the secure password and security questions, you will need your account number and the unique PIN (Personal Identification Number) listed at the top of this letter.

Please be advised you must have a password (not just the unique PIN above) created by 12/31/07. Due to recent changes in the Federal Communications Commission's rules governing customer privacy (CPNI), HTC will be implementing its new password policy effective December 10, 2007. Failure to do so will severely diminish the amount of information we will be able to divulge to you regarding your account and will also limit the types of transactions you may complete online or over the phone. For your convenience, we have provided answers to frequently asked questions on our website, www.jamadots.com, to provide additional information on this very important and mandatory change.

Thank you in advance for completing this request as soon as possible. Your protection is our priority and we need your help to complete this very important task.

Sincerely,

HTC Management

APPENDIX 3B SAMPLE OPT-OUT NOTICE



PROTECTING YOUR PRIVACY

Hiawatha Telephone Company. (HTC) protects the confidentiality of its telecommunications customers consistent with applicable law, including the FCC's regulations governing Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI).

What Is CPNI?

CPNI is information HTC obtains or creates in the normal course of providing local or long distance telecommunications services to you. This information includes the quantity and types of telecommunications services you currently receive, how you use them and related billing information, such as call destination, location and amount of use. CPNI is made available to HTC solely by virtue of our carrier-customer relationship. CPNI does not include your telephone number, name and address since this information is typically published in a telephone directory.

What Can HTC Do With CPNI?

HTC is permitted to use CPNI to provide the telecommunications services you purchase, including billing and collections for those services. HTC can also use or disclose CPNI, without your approval, to offer enhancements to telecommunications services of the same type that you already purchase from us. For example, if you purchase basic local telephone services, HTC does not need your approval to use your customer information to offer you enhanced services such as voicemail or caller ID services.

HTC is also permitted by federal law to use, disclose, or permit access to your individually identified customer information in certain circumstances: (1) as required by law or court order; (2) with your approval; (3) in providing or marketing the services from which the customer information is derived or services necessary to or used in such services; (4) to initiate, render, bill and collect for services; (5) for the provisioning of inside wiring, installation, maintenance and repair services; or (6) to investigate fraud or to protect against unlawful or abusive use of service and to protect other users.

Examples where disclosure of CPNI is permitted without your approval:

- When you dial 911, information about your location may be transmitted automatically to a public safety agency.
- Certain information about your long distance calls is transmitted to your long distance company for billing purposes.

- We must disclose information, as necessary, to comply with court orders or subpoenas.
- We also will share information to protect its rights or property and to protect users of its services and other carriers from

fraudulent, abusive or unlawful use of services.

• We may, where permitted by law, provide information to credit bureaus, or provide information and or sell receivables

to collection agencies to obtain payment for HTC billed products and services.

HTC may also use, disclose or permit access to your customer information for the marketing of different categories of service to which you do not subscribe. However, we must obtain your approval to do so.

Disclosure of CPNI

Protecting the confidentiality of your CPNI is your right and HTC's duty under federal law. We do not sell or disclose CPNI to anyone outside of HTC or to anyone not authorized to represent us to offer products or services, or to perform functions on our behalf, except as may be required or permitted by law or authorized by you. When HTC uses agents, contractors or other companies to perform services on our behalf, we require them to protect your CPNI consistent with applicable law. HTC does not disclose CPNI to any unaffiliated third parties for use in their own marketing.

Notice of Your Rights to Restrict CPNI

You have the right under federal law to restrict our use or disclosure of and access to your CPNI. You also have the right to grant or deny access to your CPNI. This Notice seeks your consent to permit HTC to use, disclose or permit access to your CPNI for purposes of marketing other communications-related service offerings to which you do not already subscribe. Your approval will be deemed granted unless you otherwise notify us. At no time will your decision to deny approval affect the provision of any telecommunications services from HTC. However, without your approval, our ability to provide you with information on other services will be prohibited.

Restricting Our Use of CPNI

No action by you is necessary to permit us to access and use your CPNI information to offer you communications related services that may be different from the type of services you currently receive. Your approval to use CPNI may enhance HTC's ability to offer products and services tailored to your needs. You have 35 days from the date of this Notice to advise us if you DO NOT want us to use your CPNI for this purpose before approval is assumed. Only HTC and its authorized representatives will use the CPNI. You may inform us of your decision to deny access by either calling our office, in writing or by e-mail as set forth below. There is no cost to you for your decision. After the 35 days has expired, HTC may begin using your information to offer different products to you. At any time after the 35 days, however, you can change your decision by contacting us. You have

the right to disapprove, and revoke or limit access to your CPNI at any time and at no cost. Your decision will remain effective until you change it.

How To Contact HTC

Written: HTC, Attn: Subscriber Privacy, 108 W Superior Street, Munising, MI 49862

Telephone: (906) 387-9911 or Toll Free (800) 562-9741

E-mail: htccpni@jamadots.com

Telephone and e-mail are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week to allow you to optout whenever you choose. If you call at a time other than our regular business hours please leave a message. We will follow-up with you for confirmation of the information the following business day.

Additional information on CPNI privacy is available from the FCC via the Internet at: http://www.fcc.gov/cgb/complaints.html

Telephone

Voice: 1-888-CALL-FCC (1-888-225-5322) TTY: 1-888-TELL-FCC (1-888-835-5322)

Mail:

Federal Communications Commission Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau Consumer Inquiries and Complaints Division 445 12th Street, SW Washington, DC 20554

APPENDIX 4

SAMPLE FORM FOR DISCLOSURE OF CPNI TO THIRD PARTY ON CUSTOMER'S REQUEST

Customer Proprietary Network Information Grant of Permission to Disclose CPNI to Third Party

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 222 of the Communications Act and the FCC's CPNI Rules (subpart U of Part 64 of the FCC Rules), Hiawatha Telephone Company is unable to provide any information regarding your account to any other party without your express written permission to do so.

Your Account Billing Name			
Your Account Billing Address			
Your Billing Telephone Number(s)			
I give my written permission to allow			
to receive written, and/or electronic responses for the following information on the above stated account (describe):			
Signature:			
Printed Name			
Date:			
You may revoke this Grant of Permission by writing to us at: or calling us at:			
For Company Use:			
Customer did one of the following:			
□ Requested Call Detail Information, presented a Valid Photo ID, and established a password. □ Requested Call Detail Information, and provided password. □ Requested CPNI other than Call Detail Information, and provided password. □ Requested CPNI other than Call Detail Information, and presented a Valid Photo ID. □ Requested CPNI other than Call Detail Information, and was authenticated by a Company representative calling the Customer's Telephone Number of Record.			

APPENDIX 5

Log of Customer Complaints Related to CPNI

LOG OF CUSTOMER COMPLAINTS RELATED TO CPNI

Affected	Date of	Description of Complaint
Customer	Compliant	
Name		
ļ		

		•	

Red Flag Rules Manual

Red Flags and Address Discrepancies

Compliance Manual and Operating Procedures

For

Hiawatha Telephone Company Chippewa County Telephone Company Ontonagon County Telephone Company Midway Telephone Company

October 2008

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DEFINITIONS

Account: A continuing relationship established by a person with a Creditor (like the Company) to obtain a product or service for personal, family, household or business purposes, and includes the provision of services on a deferred payment basis.

Annual Report: See Section 9.

Board of Directors: The Company's board of directors, or if the Company does not have a board of directors, a designated employee at the level of senior management.

Covered Account: An Account that the Company offers or maintains primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, that involves or is designed to permit multiple payments or transactions. Telecommunication service accounts can be Covered Accounts. The term also includes any other Account for which there is a reasonably foreseeable risk to Customers or to the Company of Identity Theft, including financial, operational, compliance, reputation, or litigation risks (See Section 4).

Company: Hiawatha Company's

DEFINITIONS (CONT'D)

Consumer Report: A written, oral, or other communication of any information by a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living which is used or expected to be used or collected in whole or in part for the purpose of serving as a factor in establishing the consumer's eligibility for credit or insurance to be used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, employment purposes, or any other purpose authorized under 47 USC 1681 et seq.

Credit: The right granted by a Creditor, like the Company, to defer payment of debt or to incur debts and defer its payment or to purchase property or services on a deferred payment basis.

Creditor: A person, like the Company, who regularly extends, renews, or continues Credit, or who regularly arranges for the extension, renewal, or continuation of Credit, or any assignee of an original Creditor who participates in the decision to extend, renew, or continue Credit. Telecommunication service providers can be Creditors.

Customer: A person that has a Covered Account with a Creditor or a financial institution.

Identity Theft: A fraud committed or attempted using the Identifying Information of another person without authority.

DEFINITIONS (CONT'D)

Identifying Information: A name or number that may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific person. The following are examples of Identifying Information:

- Name, Birth Date, Social Security Number, Drivers License or Identification, Alien Registration, Passport Number, Employer or Tax Identification Number;
- ➤ Unique Biometric Data, such as a Fingerprint, Voiceprint, Retina or Iris Image, or other Physical Representation;
- Unique Electronic Identification, Address, Routing Code.

Notice of Address Discrepancy: A notice from a consumer reporting agency informing the Company of a substantial difference between the address that the consumer provided and the address in the agency's file for the consumer.

Red Flag: See Section 3.

Readily Available Biographical Information: Information drawn from the Customer's life history and includes such things as the Customer's social security number (or the last four digits), mother's maiden name, home address, or date of birth.

Service Provider: A provider of a service directly to a financial institution or Creditor.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE POLICY

The policy of Hiawatha Company's is to comply with the letter and spirit of all laws of the United States, including those pertaining to Identity Theft contained in the Fair Credit Reporting Act, as amended, 15 USC 1681 *et seq.*, and the Federal Trade Commission's (FTC's) regulations, 16 CFR Part 681. The Company's policy is to protect against the risk of Identity Theft.

The FTC's regulations require the Company to establish a written Identity Theft Prevention Program, and to train its personnel accordingly. This Manual, in conjunction with the Company's Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI) Manual, constitutes the Company's written Identity Theft Prevention Program.

All personnel are required to follow the policies and procedures specified in this Manual.

- Any questions regarding compliance with applicable law and this Manual should be referred to Jay Brogan, President and C.E.O.
- The following individuals are responsible for oversight of the Company's Identity Theft Prevention Program:
 - Jay Brogan, President and C.E.O.
- The Company's Board of Directors Approved this Manual on April 9, 2009.

WHAT IS A RED FLAG?

A Red Flag is a pattern, practice or specific activity that indicates the possible existence of Identity Theft.

Examples of Red Flags:

- > Alerts, notifications, or warnings from consumer reporting agencies, law enforcement, Customers, or victims of Identity Theft.
- > Presentation of suspicious documents.
- > Unusual use or suspicious activity related to a Covered Account.
- > Presentation of suspicious personal identification information.

The purpose of this Manual is to set forth the Company's policies and procedures regarding Red Flags and the prevention and mitigation of Identity Theft.

IDENTIFICATION OF COVERED ACCOUNTS

The Red Flag rules require the Company to periodically determine whether it offers or maintains Covered Accounts.

The Company will treat all Accounts involving the provision of service on a deferred-payment basis to the public (including residential and business services), as Covered Accounts.

The Company will, on an ongoing basis, determine whether any Accounts that it has not previously treated as Covered Accounts, should be treated as Covered Accounts, taking into consideration:

- > The methods of opening Accounts;
- > The methods of access to Accounts; and
- > Previous experiences with Identity Theft.

OVERVIEW OF IDENTITY THEFT PREVENTION PROGRAM

The Company endeavors to detect, prevent and mitigate Identity Theft (1) in connection with the opening of a Covered Account, and (2) with respect to existing Covered Accounts.

The Company will—

- 1. Identify relevant Red Flags for the Covered Accounts that the Company offers or maintains (see Section 6);
- 2. Detect Red Flags (see Section 6);
- 3. Take appropriate action to prevent and mitigate any detected Red Flags (see Section 7); and
- 4. Periodically update this Manual to reflect changes in risks to Customers and to the safety and soundness of the Company from Identity Theft (see Section 8).

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS

The Company has determined that a reasonably foreseeable risk of Identity Theft exists when prospective Customers seek to open new Accounts. The Company will therefore use reasonable measures to identify a person or entity that seeks to open a Covered Account.

This Section 6 therefore identifies Red Flags applicable to the opening of new Covered Accounts, and establishes the Company's method of detecting such Red Flags.

The Company will not open a Covered Account or provide any service until it is able to satisfactorily identify the prospective Customer in accordance with this Section 6. If the Company detects a Red Flag during the process of opening a Covered Account, it will place the opening of the Covered Account on hold until it can satisfactorily resolve the Red Flag.

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

- A. Opening of Covered Accounts for Personal, Family or Household Purposes.
 - 1. Required Information: When a prospective Customer seeks to open a Covered Account for residential service (i.e., for personal, family or household purposes), the Company will ask for the following from the prospective Customer:
 - > name:
 - > address:
 - birth date;
 - > an unexpired government-issued identification bearing a photograph, such as a driver's license or passport.

The Company will also encourage (but not require) Customers to establish passwords as a means of protecting against potential future Identity Theft.

The Company will encourage Customers who establish passwords not to use Readily Identifiable Biographical Information.

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

- A. Opening of Accounts for Personal, Family or Household Purposes (Cont'd).
 - 2. Identification Confirmation.
 - a. The Company will make a photocopy of the prospective Customer's identification, and will inspect the identification for any signs of falsification, such as:
 - > misspellings;
 - > a photo that does not resemble the prospective Customer;
 - inconsistencies in color, texture or images (such as erasures or smudges);
 - raised edges around a photograph indicating the placement of a second photograph over an original photograph;
 - > card wear inconsistent with date of issuance (such as an identification that appears new but bears an issuance date of many years);

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

- A. Opening of Accounts for Personal, Family or Household Purposes (Cont'd).
 - 2. Identification Confirmation (Cont'd).
 - b. Address Discrepancies.

If a prospective Customer provides an address to the Company that does not match the prospective Customer's identification, the Company will verify the validity of the prospective Customer's address. The following are examples of methods that the Company may utilize:

- ➢ If the prospective Customer recently moved to the area, the Company will request proof of the recent move. Examples include: moving company's receipt, sticker on valid driver's license, voter registration card, utility bill, piece of mail with forwarding sticker.
- The Company may choose to order a Consumer Report with respect to the prospective Consumer as a tool to confirm identity. Before ordering a Consumer Report, the Company will obtain the prospective Customer's written approval (see Appendix 3). The Company may quiz the prospective Customer regarding non-public information contained therein. The Company may also choose to employ the services of a third-party Identity Theft detection agent.
- c. The Company will create a record of the means used to verify a Customer's identity. The Company will retain such record until 5 years after the Account is closed. Upon disposal, the Company will completely destroy the record.

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

B. Opening of Business Accounts.

For a prospective business Customer, the Company will require documents to verify the existence of the business. Such documents may include:

- > Articles of Incorporation or Articles of Limited Liability Company and evidence of filing of same with the Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth.
- > Partnership agreement.
- > Trust instrument.
- > Federal Tax ID document

A sole proprietorship may use an "assumed name" document filed with the Department of Labor and Economic Growth, or the personal information of the sole proprietor.

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

- C. Examples of Red Flags in the Opening of New Accounts.
 - 1. Suspicious Documents and Personal Identifying Information.
 - a. Information on the identification is inconsistent with information provided by the person opening a new Covered Account.
 - b. Information on the identification is inconsistent with readily accessible information, such as a signature on a check.
 - c. Documentation that appears to have been altered or forged, or gives the appearance of having been destroyed and reassembled.
 - d. An address not matching any address in a Consumer Report;
 - e. Documents provided for identification appear to have been altered or forged (discussed above).

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

- C. Examples of Red Flags in the Opening of New Accounts (Cont'd).
 - 2. Unusual Use of, or Suspicious Activity Related to, the Covered Account.
 - A Covered Account is used in a manner inconsistent with established patterns of activity, such as a material change in telephone local and toll calling patterns;
 - b. Usage of a Covered Account that has been inactive for a reasonably lengthy period of time.
 - c. A Customer advises that the Customer is not receiving monthly bills from the Company.
 - d. A Customer advises of unauthorized charges or transactions in connection with a Covered Account.
 - 3. The Company receives notice from a Customer, a victim of Identity Theft, law enforcement, or any other person that it may have opened an Account for a person engaged in Identity Theft.

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

OPENING OF NEW ACCOUNTS (CONT'D)

- C. Examples of Red Flags in the Opening of New Accounts (Cont'd).
 - 4. If the Company uses a Consumer Report
 - a. The report contains a fraud or active duty alert.
 - b. A consumer reporting agency provides a notice of credit freeze in response to a request for a Consumer Report.
 - c. A consumer reporting agency provides a Notice of Address Discrepancy.
 - d. A Consumer Report indicates a pattern of activity inconsistent with the history and usual pattern of activity of a prospective Customer.
 - e. A recent and significant increase in the volume of inquiries.
 - f. An unusual number of recently established Credit relationships.
 - g. A material change in the use of Credit, especially with respect to recently established Credit relationships.
 - The social security number is associated with a deceased person.

If a Consumer Report specifies a telephone number to be used for identity verification purposes, the Company will contact the consumer using the specified telephone number.

IDENTIFYING RED FLAGS (CONT'D)

PROTECTION OF EXISTING ACCOUNTS

The Company has policies and procedures in place to safeguard customer proprietary network information (CPNI). The Company will continue to utilize its CPNI policies procedures as a safeguard against unauthorized access to Customer CPNI, including pre-texting. Pre-texting is the practice of obtaining call record detail and other CPNI under false pretenses. The Company also monitors suspicious transactions, and verifies change of address requests in accordance with its CPNI Compliance Manual.

The Company updates its Manual to account for changes in law, and it contains all essential information and forms to ensure the Company's compliance with CPNI regulations.

The Company will continue to follow its CPNI Compliance Manual as a means of preventing Identity Theft. The Company will also continue to improve its Identity Theft Prevention Program based on its experience with past incidents of Identity Theft, and new methods of committing Identity Theft of which it becomes aware.

The Company treats the following as Red Flags—

- ➤ Alerts, notifications, or other warnings from consumer reporting agencies or Service Providers:
- Suspicious address changes;
- > The unusual use of, or other suspicious activity related to, a covered Account; and
- ➤ Notice from Customers, victims of Identity Theft, law enforcement authorities, or other persons regarding possible Identity Theft in connection with a Covered Account.

PREVENTING AND MITIGATING IDENTITY THEFT

The Company will respond appropriately when it detects a Red Flag. In determining how to respond, the Company will consider aggravating factors that may heighten the risk of Identity Theft.

Appropriate responses include one or more of the following depending on the circumstances:

- Monitoring a Covered Account:
- Contacting the Customer;
- > Changing passwords or security codes that permit access to a Covered Account;
- Reopening a Covered Account with a new account number;
- Declining to open a Covered Account for a prospective Customer;
- Closing an existing Covered Account (in accordance with Michigan Public Service Commission rules, if applicable);
- > Not collecting on a Covered Account; or
- > Notifying law enforcement (see Section 10 of CPNI Compliance Manual).

UPDATING THE IDENTITY THEFT PREVENTION PROGRAM

The Company will update this Program periodically to reflect changes in risks to Customers or to the safety and soundness of the Company from Identity Theft.

In updating this Program, the Company will consider the following:

- > The Company's experiences with Identity Theft.
- > Changes in methods with which Identity Theft is committed.
- > Changes in methods to detect, prevent, and mitigate Identity Theft.
- > Changes in the types of Accounts that the Company offers or maintains.
- > Changes in the Company's business arrangements, such as mergers, acquisitions, alliances, joint ventures, and Service Provider arrangements.

ANNUAL REPORT

The Company will designate a person to be responsible for preparing an Annual Report to the Board of Directors, appropriate committee of the Board, or a designated senior-level manager.

The Annual Report will address at least the following:

- > The effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures in addressing the risk of Identity Theft in connection with the opening of Covered Accounts.
- ➤ The effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures in addressing the risk of Identity Theft with respect to existing Covered Accounts.
- > Arrangements with Service Providers.
- > Significant incidents involving Identity Theft and management's response.
- > Recommendations for material changes to the Company's Identity Theft Prevention Program.

The Annual Report will be in a format similar to that contained in Appendix 1.

SERVICE PROVIDERS

To the extent that the Company engages a Service Provider to perform an activity in connection with one or more Covered Accounts, the Company will ensure that the Service Provider has its own Identity Theft Prevention Program to detect and address Red Flags.

The Company is ultimately responsible for complying with Red Flag rules even if it outsources Account-related activity to a Service Provider.

USE OF CONSUMER REPORTS

To the extent that the Company uses Consumer Reports in the opening of a new Covered Account, it will comply with this Section 11.

If the Company receives a Notice of Address Discrepancy from a consumer reporting agency, the Company must form a reasonable belief that the Consumer Report relates to the prospective Customer about whom it has requested the report.

The Company will do one or more of the following to determine whether it has a reasonable belief that the Consumer Report relates to the prospective Customer about whom it has requested the report:

- ➤ Compare the information in the Consumer Report with information the Company uses to verify the prospective Customer's identity.
- ➤ Compare the information in the Consumer Report provided by the consumer reporting agency with information the Company obtains from third-party sources.
- > Verify with the prospective Customer.

USE OF CONSUMER REPORTS (CONT'D)

If the Company has reasonably confirmed that an address relates to the prospective Customer about whom it has requested the report, it must furnish the address for the prospective Customer to the consumer reporting agency from whom it received the Notice of Address Discrepancy.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Any failure to follow this Manual will result in appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with established Company disciplinary policies. Such failures shall be treated as a serious offense, and may result in suspension or termination of employment in appropriate cases. The Company will also require additional training to ensure future compliance.

APPENDIX 1 ANNUAL REPORT FORM

To be completed by the Board of Directors, appropriate committee of the Board of Directors, or a designated senior-level manager.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR HIAWATHA COMPANY'S

This Annual Report constitutes Hiawatha Company's obligation under the Federal Trade Commission's (FTC) regulations and guidelines, 16 CFR Part 681, to produce an Annual Report to address the Company's compliance with the FTC's Red Flag regulations.

1. Effectiveness of Policies and Procedures

a. Opening of Covered Accounts

The Company provides the following report regarding the effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures in addressing the risk of Identity Theft in connection with the opening of Covered Accounts:

b. Existing Covered Accounts

The Company provides the following report regarding the effectiveness of the Company's policies and procedures in addressing the risk of Identity Theft in connection with existing Covered Accounts:

2. Arrangements with Service Providers

The Company does not outsource some services to third party Service Providers related to Covered Accounts. [If the Company "does," list them and state:] The Company has taken the following measures to ensure that its Service Provider(s) have Identity Theft Prevention Program(s) to detect and address Red Flags:

3. Significant Incidents Involving Identity Theft

The Company reports the following significant incidents involving Identity Theft and management's response:

4. Recommendations for Material Changes to the Program

The Company should consider the following changes to its Identity Theft Prevention Program.

Jay Brogan	
President and CEO	
Dated:	
Dates	

APPENDIX 2

EMPLOYEE VERIFICATION OF RED FLAG COMPLIANCE MANUAL REVIEW

Employee Verification

Employee Name:	
	pany's Red Flag and Address Discrepancies ag Procedures and agree to comply with the
	Employee Signature
	Date

APPENDIX 3

SAMPLE FORM FOR CREDIT REPORT AUTHORIZATION

CREDIT REPORT AUTHORIZATION AND RELEASE

Authorization is hereby granted to obtain a standard factual data agency chosen by Company.	to credit report through a cons	(Company) to sumer credit reporting
Social Security Number	Date of Birth	
Last Name	First Name	M.I.
Street		
City	State	Zip Code
Phone Number		
Signature	 Date	

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Received & Inspected

OCT 2 3 2013

FCC Mail Room

Customer Privacy Materials



Annual Customer Do-Not-Call Notification

To address consumer concerns about unwelcome telemarketing calls, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and Federal Trade Commission (FTC) have established a national Do-Not-Call Registry. The registry applies to all telemarketers (with the exception of certain non-profit and political organizations) and covers both interstate and intrastate telemarketing calls. Commercial telemarketers are not allowed to call you if your number is listed on the registry.

You can register your phone number for free, and it will remain on the national Do-Not-Call Registry for five years. You may re-enter your number onto the list when the five years have passed, and you may remove your name from the list at any time. The Do-Not-Call Registry will not prevent all unwanted calls. It does <u>not</u> cover the ollowing:

- Calls from organizations with which you have established a business relationship;
- Calls for which you have given prior written consent;
- Calls which are not commercial or do not include unsolicited advertisements;
- Calls by or on behalf of tax-exempt non-profit organizations.

cluding wireless numbers, on the national Do-Not-Call Registry at o cost by telephone or on the Internet. To register by telephone, on must call from the phone number you wish to register. You ay also register by Internet at www.donotcall.gov. Inclusion of our telephone number on the national Do-Not-Call Registry will be fective three months following your registration.

Annual Customer Do-Not-Call Notification

To address consumer concerns about unwelcome telemarketing calls, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) and Federal Trade Commission (FTC) have established a national Do-Not-Call Registry. The registry applies to all telemarketers (with the exception of certain non-profit and political organizations) and covers both interstate and intrastate telemarketing calls. Commercial telemarketers are not allowed to call you if your number is listed on the registry.

You can register your phone number for free, and it will remain on the national Do-Not-Call Registry for five years. You may re-enter your number onto the list when the five years have passed, and you may remove your name from the list at any time. The Do-Not-Call Registry will not prevent all unwanted calls. It does <u>not</u> cover the following:

- Calls from organizations with which you have established a business relationship;
- Calls for which you have given prior written consent;
- Calls which are not commercial or do not include unsolicited advertisements;
- Calls by or on behalf of tax-exempt non-profit organizations.

Consumers may register their residential telephone number, including wireless numbers, on the national Do-Not-Call Registry at no cost by telephone or on the Internet. To register by telephone, consumers may call 1-888-382-1222. For TTY call 1-866-290-4236. You must call from the phone number you wish to register. You may also register by Internet at www.donotcall.gov. Inclusion of your telephone number on the national Do-Not-Call Registry will be effective three months following your registration.

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